

## **Xuejun Dong**

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### **Education/Training**

1997 PhD Ecophysiology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China  
1991 MS Ecophysiology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China  
1987 BS Plant Physiology, Lanzhou University, Lanzhou, China

### **Positions and Employment**

2013– Present Assistant Professor. Texas A&M AgriLife Research, Uvalde TX and  
Department of Soil and Crop Sciences, Texas A&M University, College  
Station, TX.  
2000–2013 Research Specialist, Assistant Range Scientist/Adjunct Professor, Range  
Scientist/Adjunct Professor. North Dakota State University Central Grasslands  
Research Extension Center, Streeter, ND.  
1999–2000 Research Associate. Duke University, Department of Botany, Durham, NC.  
1997–1999 Research Associate Professor. Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of  
Sciences (IBCAS), Beijing, China.  
1991–1997 Research Assistant Scientist, IBCAS, Beijing, China.

### **Program Overview**

My program focuses on understanding soil-plant water relations and root/shoot processes for crop management in water-limited cropping systems. The leading research areas include (a) understanding plant biotic and abiotic stresses associated with water deficit and plant adaptation processes; (b) analyzing crop systems and developing new technologies to minimize risk, improve productivity and enhance soil quality and water conservation. I am currently serving as a guest-lecturer to a new graduate course, “Root Biology”, which is cross-listed in MEPS and HORT at Texas A&M, College Station.

### **Significant 5 Year Accomplishment**

Leaf water relations and photosynthesis of grassland plants was my first research highlight since 2011. Field-collected data of leaf photosynthetic capacity of native and exotic grasses suggested that photosynthetic capacity was negatively correlated with plant competitive success. I proposed that this negative correlation was the result of strong competition for limited soil resources among plant species in the mixed-grass prairie. My second research highlight was the CO<sub>2</sub> flux from desert and grassland ecosystems. In particular, I collaborated with USDA scientists to conduct a national synthesis of CO<sub>2</sub> flux from managed U.S. grasslands. In southwest Texas, my co-authors and I demonstrated the use of irrigation timing (by delivering drip irrigation at night-time) to ameliorate high night temperature stress in corn. Finally, a current ongoing study at my group is looking at ecophysiological mechanisms responsible for long-term tillage effects on crop yield performance and soil health. Since 2011, I authored/ co-authored 15 peer-reviewed journal publications and supervised 5 post-doctoral researchers/visiting scholars.

## Publications

*Ten most recent publications in peer-reviewed journals (49 total)*

1. Z.-S. Zhang, X.-J. Dong, B.-X. Xu, Y.-L. Chen, Y. Zhao, Y.-H. Gao, Y.-G. Hu and L. Huang. 2015. Soil respiration sensitivities to water and temperature in a revegetated desert. *JGR - Biogeosciences* DOI:10.1002/2014JG002805
2. X. Dong and B. D. Patton. 2015. Predicting soil water retention curves based on particle-size distribution using a Minitab macro. *Afr. J. Soil Sci.* 3(1): 079-085.
3. X. Dong, J. Patton, L. Gu, J.-Z. Wang and B. Patton. 2014. Leaf photosynthesis and plant competitive success in a mixed-grass prairie: With reference to exotic grasses invasion. *J. Ecosyst. Ecograph.* 4:152. doi: 10.4172/2157-7625.1000152.
4. X. Dong, D. Leskovar, K. Crosby and T. Marek. 2014. Quantifying crop water use in arid and semi- arid regions: Opportunities based on soil-plant water relations. *J. Arid Land Studies.* 24-1: 141-144.
5. X. Dong, J. Patton, G. Wang, P. Nyren and P. Peterson. 2014. Effect of drought on biomass allocation in two invasive and two native grass species dominating the mixed-grass prairie. *Grass Forage Sci.* 69: 160-166.
6. Y. Sun, L. Gu, R. E. Dickinson, S. G. Pallardy, J. Baker, Y. Cao, F. M. DaMatta, X. Dong, D. Ellsworth, D. Van Goethem, A. M. Jensen, B. E. Law, R. Loos, S. C. V. Martins, R. J. Norby, D. Weston, K. Winter. 2014. Asymmetrical effects of mesophyll conductance on fundamental photosynthetic parameters and their relationships estimated from leaf gas exchange measurements. *Plant Cell Environ.* 37: 978-994.
7. M. A. Liebig, S. L. Kronberg, J. R. Hendrickson, X. Dong, and J. R. Gross. 2013. CO<sub>2</sub> efflux from long-term grazing management systems in a semiarid region. *Agricult. Ecosyst. Environ.* 164: 137-144.
8. X. Dong, F.-C. Cheng, D.-J. Wang, G.-J. Wang, B. D. Patton and P. E. Nyren. 2012. Mixed-grass prairie rhizome biomass is influenced by cattle grazing intensity. *Grass Forage Sci.* 68: 199-204.
9. X. Dong, B. Patton, P. Nyren, R. Limb, L. Cihacek, D. Kirby and E. Deckard, 2011. Leaf-water relations of a native and an introduced grass species in the mixed-grass prairie under cattle grazing. *Appl. Ecol. Environ. Res.* 9: 311-331.
10. W.-H. Wang, X.-Q. Yi, F.-H. Wu, A.-D. Han, X.-J. Dong, J.-X. He, Z.- M. Pei and H.-L. Zheng. 2011. Calcium-sensing receptor regulates stomatal closure through hydrogen peroxide and nitric oxide in response to extracellular calcium in *Arabidopsis*. *J. Exp. Bot.* 63: 177-190.

## Synergistic Activities

1. Member of Crop Science Society of America, American Society of Agronomy, Soil Science Society of America
2. Member of NCCC31 (Ecophysiological Aspects of Forage Management), representing North Dakota State University from 2005-2013.
3. Associate Editor, *Arid Land Research and Management*, 2009-present
4. Associate Editor/Board Member, *Photosynthetica*, 2010– present